

SPECIFICATION SHEET

SPECIFICATION SHEET NO.	Q0203- BW277M035HGKTA
DATE	Feb. 03, 2023
REVISION	A0
DESCRIPITION	Conductive Polymer Hybrid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors BW series, Capacitance: 270μF, Tolerance ±20%, Voltage 35V, 2 pads Case size: ØD10*L10mm, Ripple Current 2000mA Max.@+125°C, 100KHz, Lifetime 4000Hours @125°C, ESR @125°C,100KHz: 20 mohm Max. Operating Temp. Range -55°C ~+125°C Leakage Current: 94.5μA @at 20°C after 2 minutes RoHS/RoHS III Compliant & Halogen Free, Package in Tape/Reel
CUSTOMER	
CUSTOMER PART NUMBER	
CROSS REF. PART NUMBER	
ORIGINAL PART NUMBER	Aillen CXE277M1VHBWG10TR
PART CODE	BW277M035HGKTA

VENDOR APPROVE Issued/Checked/Approved Understand Understand

 CUSTOMER APPROVE

 DATE:

 2/3/2023
 1



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

MAIN FEATURE

- Conductive Polymer Hybrid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors
- High Stability And Reliability, Low ESR, High Ripple Current
- Long Life 4000 Hours @ 125°C
- Quality and standard Meets IEC 60384-4 and AEC-Q200-REV D
- Applicable To Automatic Mounting Machine
- Cross Competitors PARTS GYA, HZC, ZC And HXC Series And More.
- RoHS III Complaint And Halogen Free

APPLICATION

For Applications Automotive and more

PART CODE GUIDE





BW	277	м	035	н	G	к	т	Α
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

1) BW: Conductive Polymer Hybrid Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitors BW series, 2 Pads

2) 277: Rated Capacitance Code, 105: 1.0µF; 225: 2.2µF; 335: 3.3µF; 475: 4.7µF; 106: 10µF; 226: 22µF; 276: 27µF; 336: 33µF;

476: 47μF; 566: 56μF; 686: 68μF; 826: 82μF; 107: 100μF; 157: 150μF; 227: 220μF; **277: 270μF**; 337: 330μF ; 477: 470μF

3) M: Capacitance tolerance code, M: ±20%; V: -10% ~ ±20%,

4) 035: Rated Voltage Code, 016:16V; 025: 25V; 035: 35V; 050: 50V; 063: 63V; 080: 80V

- 5) H: Environmental Requirements code, R: RoHS Complaint; H: RoHS III Complaint & Halogen Free
- 6) G: Aluminum Case size code, B: ØD3.0mm; C: ØD4.0mm; D: ØD5.0mm; E: ØD6.3mm; F: ØD8.0mm; G: ØD10.0mm; P: ØD12.5mm
- 7) K: Aluminum case Heigh code, H: L5.8mm; I: L6.5mm; J: L7.7mm; K: L10.0mm; L: L11.5mm; M: L12.5mm; N: L13.5mm
- 8) T: Package in Tape/Reel, 500pcs/Reel
- 9) A: Internal control or Customer's Special Code (A~Z or 1~9)



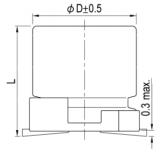
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Image For Reference



BW Series Case ØD10.0*L10.0mm Explosion Proof Value

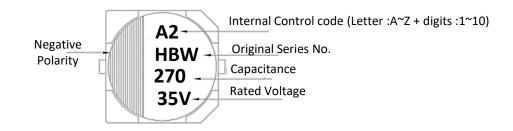


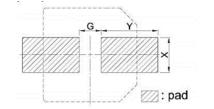


B±0.2	
	0.5 max.

Symbol	Dimension (mm)
Α	10.3
В	10.3
D	Ø10.0
С	11.0
L	10.0±0.5
р	4.7±0.2
w	0.70~1.3

Marking





Symbol	Dimension
G	4.0
x	2.5
Y	4.0

2/3/2023

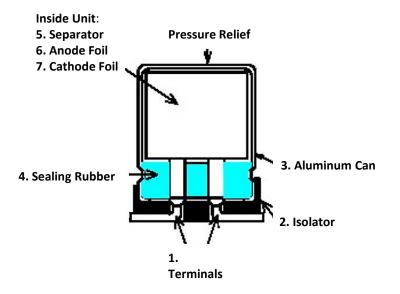
NextGen Components, Inc.

Recommended Pad Layout



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CONSTRUCTION



No.	Parts	Material
1	Terminal	High pure aluminum, lead is tin copper clad steel wire
2	Isolator	Thermo-plastic resin
3	Aluminum Can	High purity aluminum, coated aluminum can
4	Sealing Rubber	Rubber
5	Separator	Manila hemp
6	Anode Foil (+)	High pure aluminum formation foil
7	Cathode Foil (-)	High pure aluminum carbon foil



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CHARACTERISTICS

Standard Atmospheric Conditions

The standard range of atmospheric conditions for making measurements/test as follows: Ambient temperature: 15°C to 35°C Relative humidity: 45% to 75% ; Air Pressure: 86kPa to 106kPa If there is any doubt about the results, measurement shall be made within the following conditions: Ambient temperature: 20°C \pm 2°C Relative humidity: 60% to 70% Air Pressure: 86kPa to 106kPa As to the detailed information, please refer to following Table

Operating Temperature Range

The ambient temperature range at which the capacitor can be operated continuously at rated voltage (16~80V) is -55°C to 125°C. As to the detailed information, please refer to following Table



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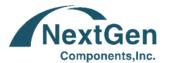
SPECIFICATION

PARAMETER	UNIT	VALUE	CONDITION	CONDITION					
Capacitance	μF	270	Product nomi	nal capacity, to	est frequency	y: 120Hz,20°C v	vithin the		
Capacitance Tolerance	%	+/-20	specified capa	acity tolerance					
Working Voltage	V	35	Rated working voltage						
Dissipation Factor	%	12.0	Also calls dissipation, test frequency: 120Hz						
Max ESR	mΩ	20	Equivalent ser	ries resistance	, test frequei	ncy 100kHz			
Max Rated Ripple	mA rms	2000	The maximum allowable ripple current is 100kHz 125°C, the large A.C current The DC voltage plus the peak AC voltage must not exceed the rated Voltage, and non-reverse charging						
			Frequency	120Hz≤ f<1KHz	1KHz≤ f <10KHz	10KHz≤ f<100KHz	100KHz≤ f<500KHz		
			Coefficient	0.10	0.30	0.70	1.00		
Leakage Current	μΑ	94.5	Leakage curre current value	-		nutes, test the l	eakage		
Temperature Range	°C	-55~+125	/						
Temperature Characteristics,	Z-25°C/	′Z20°C≤1.5 At	-25°C 100kHz (Lo	ow temperatur	re)				
Impedance Ratio	Z-55°C/	′Z20°C≤2.0 At	-55°C 100kHz (H	igh temperatu	re)				
Standards	AEC-Q2	200-REV D, IEC	60384-4						
Remarks	RoHS C	ompliance & I	Halogen-free						



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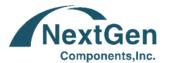
ITEM	PERFORMANCE							
Nominal Capacitance	<condition></condition>							
(Tolerance)	Measuring Frequency : 120Hz \pm 12Hz							
	Measuring Voltage : Not more than 0.5V							
	Measuring Temperature : $20\pm 2^{\circ}$ C							
	<criteria></criteria>							
	Shall be within the specified capacitance tolerance							
Leakage Current	<condition></condition>							
	After 2 minutes applications of rated working voltage at 20°C the rated working							
	voltage shall be applied across the capacitor and its protective resistor which shall be							
	1000 \pm 1000. R - Charge -							
Tanδ	<condition> See Normal Capacitance, for measuring frequency, voltage and temperature. <criteria> The tangent of the loss angle (Tanδ) of the capacitors shall refer to the following table. Measurements shall be made under the same conditions as those given for</criteria></condition>							
	the measurement of the capacitance.							
	W.V. 16 25 35 50 63 80							
	Tanδ 0.16 0.14 0.12 0.10 0.08 0.08							
ESR Ripple Current	ESR :Equivalent series resistance, test frequency 100kHz Ripple Current : The maximum allowable ripple current is 100kHz, the largest A.C current The DC voltage plus the peak AC voltage must not exceed the rated Voltage,							
	and non-reverse charging.							



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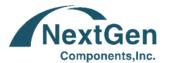
	E							
<condition></condition>								
Step	Tes	ting Temp	erature(°C)		Time (Min)			
1		20±	2					
2		-25(-55	i)±3 30		30			
3		20±	2 10~15					
4		125 -	2	30				
5		20±		1	0~15			
<criteria> (1) Step.2 Impedance Ratio (at 100kHz)</criteria>								
WV(VD	C)	16	25	35	50	63	80	
Z(-25°C/Z(20°C)	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Z(-55°C/Z(20°C)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Leakage current			Not more than 800% of the specified value Within \pm 10% of Step1 value					
	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.							
Condition> Capacitor is placed in the PCB by solder paste and do high temperature test (Reflow)2 twice to endurance the power of 1.8kg for 60S, no dropping condition								
	ront	I	Notmore	than the		value		
						value		
	change					alue		
	Step 1 2 3 4 5 <criteria> (1) Step.2 Imperiation WV(VD Z(-25°C/Z(Z(-55°C/Z((2) Step.4 Leakage cur Capacitance tan δ Appearance (Reflow)2 twice Capacitance Leakage cur Capacitance tan δ</criteria>	StepTes112345 $<$ Criteria>(1) Step.2 Impedance R $WV(VDC)$ $Z(-25^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ $Z(-55^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ $Z(-55^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ (2) Step.4Leakage currentCapacitance Changetan δ Appearance <td>StepTesting Temp1$20 \pm$2$-25(-55)$3$20 \pm$4$125 \pm$5$20 \pm$(1) Step.2 Impedance Ratio (at 100)$WV(VDC)$16$Z(-25°C/Z(20°C))$1.5$Z(-55°C/Z(20°C))$2.0(2) Step.4Leakage currentCapacitance Changetan δAppearance<t< td=""><td>StepTesting Temperature(°C)1$20\pm 2$2$-25(-55)\pm 3$3$20\pm 2$4$125\pm 2$5$20\pm 2$(1) Step.2 Impedance Ratio (at 100kHz)$WV(VDC)$1625$2(-25^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$1.51.52(-55^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))2.0(2) Step.4Leakage currentNot moreCapacitance ChangeWithin ± 1tan δNot moreAppearanceThere shale<</td><td>StepTesting Temperature(°C)1$20\pm 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Step.2 Impedance Ratio (at 100kHz) $WV(VDC)$ 16253550 $Z(-25^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ 1.51.51.51.5 $Z(-55^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ 2.02.02.02.0(2) Step.4Leakage currentNot more than 800% of the sCapacitance ChangeWithin $\pm 10\%$ of Step1 value, tan δ Not more than the specified of tange of eLeakage currentNot more than the specified of within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value, (Reflow)2 twice to endurance the power of 1.8kg for 60S, no dropLeakage currentNot more than the specified of Capacitance ChangeWithin $\pm 10\%$ of initial value, tan δ Not more than the specified of within $\pm 10\%$ of initial value, tan δ	StepTesting Temperature(°C)Time (Min)1 20 ± 2 2 $-25(-55)\pm 3$ 30 3 20 ± 2 $10^{\sim}15$ 4 125 ± 2 30 5 20 ± 2 $10^{\sim}15$ 4 125 ± 2 30 5 20 ± 2 (1) Step.2 Impedance Ratio (at 100 kHz) $WV(VDC)$ 16 25 25 35 50 $2(-25^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ 1.5 1.5 $2(-55^{\circ}C/Z(20^{\circ}C))$ 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2	

2/3/2023



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ITEM	PERFORMANCE					
Mechanical Shock	<condition></condition>					
	Capacitor is placed in the PCB and fixed .Setting the acceleration (100g) and time					
	(6ms) according to the test condition, shock 6 times from three directions (X-Y-Z).					
	<criteria></criteria>					
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value				
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 10% of initial value.				
	tan δ	Not more than the specified value. Not more than the specified value.				
	ESR					
	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.				
Load Life Test	<condition></condition>					
	1. Capacitors shall be placed in oven with application of rated ripple current for					
	4000 +72/-0hrs at 125°C.					
	2. Then the capacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric conditions for					
	4 hours, after which measurements shall be made.					
	<criteria></criteria>					
	The characteristic shall meet	the following requirements.				
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value				
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 30% of initial value.				
	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.				
	ESR	within \pm 200% of the initial value				
	Appearance There shall be no leakage of electrolyte					



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ITEM	PERFORMANCE				
Shelf Life Test		t 125°C without rated working voltage. And then the standard atmospheric conditions for 4 hours, after nade.			
	< Criteria> The characteristic shall meet th	e following requirements.			
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value			
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 30% of initial value.			
	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.			
	ESR	within \pm 200% of the initial value.			
	Appearance There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.				
Resistance To Solvents	<condition></condition>				
	Step 1:Put the capacitor into IP				
	Step 2:the dipping time is 3+0.5				
	Step 3:Brush the capacitor for 1	10 times; Conduct the steps 1~3 for 3 cycles.			
	<criteria></criteria>				
	The print cannot fall off or be o	bscure.			



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE							
Surge Voltage Test	<condition></condition>							
	The capacitor shall be subjected to 1000 cycles at 15 ~35°C. Protective series resistor							
	a 1K Ω each consisting of a charge period of 30±5 seconds, followed by discharge							
	period of approximately 5.5 minutes.							
	<criteria></criteria>							
	Leakage current			Not more th	an the sp	ecified valu	e	
	Capacitance	,	Within \pm 209	% of initia	l value.			
	tan δ			Not more the	an the spe	cified value	2.	
	ESR			within \pm 200	0% of the i	nitial value		
	Surge voltage:							
	W.V.	16	25	35	50	63	80	
	SV (V.DC)	18.4	28.8	40.3	57.5	72.5	92	
	Capacitor is place frequency (10- 2 directions (X-Y-2 <criteria></criteria>	2000Hz) ad						
	Capacitance Change Within \pm 10% of initial value.							
	Capacitance	Change	With	n \pm 10% of i	nitial valu	е.		
	Capacitance Leakage curr			n \pm 10% of i				
			Not r		e specifie	d value.		
	Leakage curr		Not r Not r	nore than th	e specified e specified	d value. d value.		
	Leakage curr tan δ	ent	Not r Not r Not r	nore than th nore than th	e specified e specified e specified	d value. d value. d value.		
	Leakage curr tan δ ESR	ent	Not r Not r Not r Not r	nore than th nore than th nore than th	e specified e specified e specified ontacts, o	d value. d value. d value. pen or shor		
	Leakage curr tan δ ESR	ent	Not r Not r Not r No in circui	nore than th nore than th nore than th termittent c	e specified e specified e specified ontacts, o	d value. d value. d value. pen or shor		
	Leakage curr tan δ ESR	ent	Not r Not r Not r No in circui electr	nore than th nore than th nore than th termittent c ting. No dan	e specified e specified e specified ontacts, o nage of tal	d value. d value. d value. pen or shor b terminals	or	
	Leakage curr tan δ ESR Inner constru	ent	Not r Not r Not r No in circui elect	nore than th nore than th nore than th termittent c ting. No dan rodes.	e specified e specified ontacts, o nage of tal	d value. d value. d value. pen or shor b terminals erminal. No	or leakage	



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE							
Un-biased Humidity	<condition></condition>							
	Capacitors shall be exposed for 2000 +48/-0 hrs in an atmosphere of 85%±5% R.H. at							
	85±3°C. And then the capa	acitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric						
	conditions for 4 hours, aft	er which measurements shall be made.						
	<criteria></criteria>							
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value						
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 30% of initial value.						
	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.						
	ESR	Not more than 200% of the specified value.						
	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.						
	Capacitor is placed in the l 2mm for 60 (+5)s.	PCB and pressed to deviate from Original fulcrum less than Pressure rod R230 Board 45±2 45±2						
	<criteria></criteria>							
	< Criteria> Leakage current	Not more than the specified value.						
		Not more than the specified value. Within \pm 10% of initial value.						
	Leakage current							
	Leakage current Capacitance Change	Within \pm 10% of initial value.						

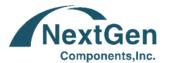
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CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE					
Biased Humidity Test	at 85±3°C. And then the ca	d for 2000 +48/-0 hrs in an atmosphere of 85% ± 5% R.H. apacitor shall be subjected to standard atmospheric er which measurements shall be made.				
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value				
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 30% of initial value.				
	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.				
	ESR	Not more than 200% of the specified value.				
	Appearance	There shall be no leakage of electrolyte.				
Electrical Characterization		ality about electrical characterization in the test that under re (the lowest ,the highest, atmospheric temperature). ity				
Rotational Temperature Test	<condition> Step1: Max. rated tempera Step2: Min. rated tempera the step 1 to step 2, and d <criteria></criteria></condition>	nture \pm 3°C (30mins) Max. transfer time: 1min According to				
	Leakage current	Not more than the specified value				
	Capacitance Change	Within \pm 20% of initial value.				
	tan δ	Not more than 200% of the specified value.				
		Not more than 200% of the specified value. Not more than 200% of the specified value.				



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE					
Resistance to Soldering Heat test	<condition></condition>					
	IR Reflow:					
	T4 T3 ST T2 T1 T1		ti		1 ³ 1- 12	6
					Time(se	ec)
	Preheat	Temperature (T1~T2°C)	9		150~180	
		Time(t1) Ma	X. S	120		
	Duration	Temperature	e (T3°C)	200	217	230
		Time(t2) Ma	X. S	70	50	40
	Highest Temperatures	Temperature	e (T4°C)	250 26		260
		Time (t3) Ma	Time (t3) Max. s		5	
	The Number Of Reflow 2 1					
	 * Please contact our * Please ensure that (5°C~ 35°C) before t * Consult with us wh Criteria> The characteristic sh 	t the capacitor he second reflo hen performing	became co ow. g reflow pro	ld enough to ofile in IPC / J	the room	
	Leakage current	N	ot more th	an the specif	ied value	
	Capacitance Char	nge W	Within \pm 10% of initial value.			
	tan δ	No	ot more tha	an the specifi	ed value.	
	ESR	No	ot more that	an the specifi	ed value.	
	Appearance			e no leakage	- f - l t	



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ITEM	PERFORMANCE						
Venting Test	<condition></condition>						
	1. Applicable to the capacitors	s with case size is 10φ mm and larger.					
	2. Test condition: DC test: Applying inverse DC rated voltage with current to the						
	capacitor.	capacitor.					
	Where case diameter:						
	$\phi D \leq 22.4$ mm: 1 A DC Max .						
	φD > 22.4mm: 10 A DC Max.						
	<criteria></criteria>						
	1. When the pressure relief ve	ent operated, the capacitor shall avoid any danger of					
	fire or explosion of capacitor e	element(terminal and metal foil etc.) or cover.					
	2. When the pressure relief de	evice does not open with the voltage applied over 30					
	minutes, the test is considered	d to be passed.					
Solderability Test	<condition></condition>						
	Solderability test 1:						
	Pre-conditioning: execution a	ccording to RDD0302 (Solderability Test Method)					
	Solder bath temperature: 235±5°C Duration: 5+0/-0.5s Solderability test 2:						
	Pre-conditioning: execution a	ccording to RDD0302 (Solderability Test Method)					
	Solder bath temperature: 215±3°C						
	Duration: 5+0/-0.5s						
	Solderability test 3: Pre-conditioning: execution according to RDD0302 (Solderability						
	Test Method)						
	Solder bath temperature:260±5°C						
	Duration:7±0.5s						
	<criteria></criteria>						
	Coating quality	Min. 95% of the surface being immersed					
Coating Case	The color of coating case will	turn light khaki from colorless with long duration in					
	high temperature. Should the	re is any concern with the color changing of coating					
	case, please consult with us						



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

CASE SIZE & MAX RIPPLE CURRENT

Rated Voltage V	Capacitance (+/-20%) μF	Case Size ØD*L mm	Dissipation Factor @+20°C, 120Hz Tanδ Max. %	Ripple Current @+125°C, 100KHz mA rms.	ESR (mΩ,20°C, 100kHz)	Leakage Current (μΑ/2min) μΑ Max.
35	270	10*10	12.0	2000	20	94.5

Remark:

1) Specification are subject to change without notice should a safety or technical concern arise regarding the product please be sure to contact our sales offices;

2)The sizes in the above table are all general specifications. If you need other specifications, please contact us.

3) Frequency Coefficient of Allowable Ripple Current:

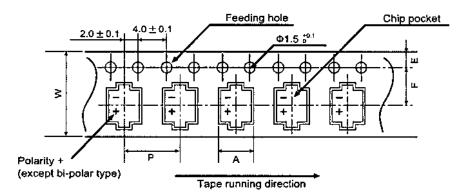
Frequency	120Hz≤f<1KHz	1KHz≤f<10KHz	10KHz≤f<100KHz	100KHz≤f<500KHz
Coefficient	0.10	0.30	0.70	1.00

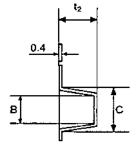


CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

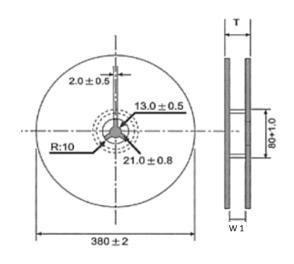
TAPE (Unit: mm), 500pcs/Reel,

Applicable standard JIS C0806 and IEC 60286.



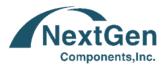


REEL (Unit: mm)



Case size: ØD10.0*L10.0mm					
Symbol	Dimension (mm)				
А	10.7±0.2				
В	10.7±0.5				
С	12.5±0.5				
W	24.0±0.3				
F	11.5±0.2				
E	1.75±0.2				
Р	16.0±0.2				
t2	11.0±0.5				
W1	26.0±1.0				
Т	30.5±1.0				

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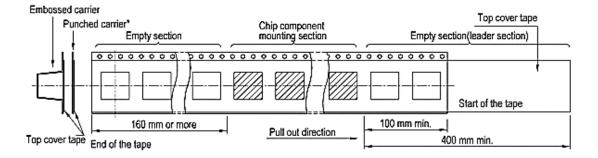


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PACKING METHOD

The leader length of the tape shall not be less than 400 mm including 10 or more embossed sections in which no parts are contained.

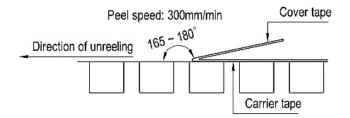
The winding core is provided with an over 160mm long empty section; punched carrier is only suitable for ϕ D \leq 5 mm.



SEALING TAPE REEL STRENGTH

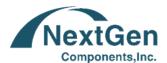
Peel angle: 165 to 180°C refer to the surface on which the tape is glued.

Peel speed: 300mm per minutes ; The peel strength must be 0.1 ~ 0.7N under these conditions.:



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GUIDELINES FOR GENERAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT DESIGN

(1) Polarity Most of the aluminum electrolytic capacitors are polarized. Therefore, they must be installed with the correct polarity. Usage in the reverse polarity results into a short-circuit condition that may damage or even explode the capacitor. In addition, it may influence circuit functionality. A bi-polar electrolytic capacitor should be installed when polarity across a capacitor is unstable / reversible. It should be, however, noted that usage of both polar and bi-polar capacitors are limited to DC applications. They must NOT be used for AC application.

(2) Operating Voltage Applied DC voltage must not exceed rated voltage of the capacitor. Applying higher voltage than its rated voltage across a capacitor terminals cause overheating due to higher leakage currents and capacitor dielectric/insulation deterioration that will ultimately affect a capacitor's performance. The device, however, is capable of working under short-time transient voltages such as DC transients and peak AC ripples. Reverse voltages higher than 1 Volt within a specified temperature limit or AC voltages are not permissible. Overall, using capacitors at recommended operating voltages can prolong its lifespan. Note that the result of DC voltage overlapped with peak ripple voltage should not exceed rated voltage.

(3) Ripple Current One of the key functions of any capacitor is removal of the ripple current i.e. the RMS value of AC flowing through a capacitor. But, a ripple current higher than rated ripple current will drop resultant capacitance, cause undue internal heating and thus reduces life span of the capacitor. In extreme cases, internal high temperature will cause the pressure relief vent to operate while destroying the device. Overall, it is important to note that an electrolytic capacitor must be used within a permissible range of ripple current. Indicators like temperature coefficient of allowable ripple current are generally used to determine life expectancy of the capacitor, but to avoid related complex calculations and for the sake of simplicity, we haven't provided temperature coefficient in the catalogue. But it offers key indicators like maximum operating temperature for calculation of life expectancy at a given temperature.

(4) Operating Temperature Capacitors should be used within a permissible range of operating temperatures. Using capacitor at a higher temperature than maximum rated temperature will considerably shorten its life. In the worst-case scenario, high temperature can cause pressure relief vent to operate and the device will get destroyed. Using capacitors at an ambient room temperature assure their longer life.

(5) Leakage Current Leakage current flows through a capacitor when DC voltage is applied across it. Leakage current varies with changes in ambient temperature and applied DC voltage level and its time of application. Over voltage situation, presence of moisture, and thermal stresses, especially occurring during the soldering process can enhance leakage current. Initial leakage current is usually higher and does not decrease until voltage is applied for a certain period of time. It is recommended to keep initial leakage current within specified levels.

(6) Charge and Discharge Regular electrolytic capacitors are not suitable for rapid charging/discharging circuits. Such usage may either cause reduction in overall capacitance or damage due to overheating. Aillen provides special assistance for selecting appropriate capacitors for rapid charging/discharging circuits.



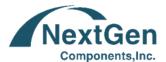
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(6) Charge and Discharge Regular electrolytic capacitors are not suitable for rapid charging/discharging circuits. Such usage may either cause reduction in overall capacitance or damage due to overheating. Aillen provides special assistance for selecting appropriate capacitors for rapid charging/discharging circuits.

(7) Surge Voltage The Surge voltage rating is referred as the maximum DC over voltage that may be applied to an electrolytic capacitor for a short time interval of 30 seconds at infrequent time intervals not exceeding 5.5minutes with a limiting resistance of $1k\Omega$. Unless otherwise described on the catalogue or product specifications, please do not apply a voltage exceeding the capacitor's voltage rating. The rated surge voltages corresponding to rated voltages of electrolytic capacitors are presented as follows:

Rated Voltage (V)	4	6.3	10	16	25	35	50	63	80	100
Surge Voltage (V)	4.6	7.3	11.5	18.4	28.8	40.3	57.5	72.5	92	115
Rated Voltage (V)	160	250	315	350	400	420	450	500	525	
Surge Voltage (V)	184	288	347	385	440	462	495	550	578	

(8) Condition of Use The capacitors shall NOT be exposed to: (a) Fluids including water, saltwater spray, oil, fumes, highly humid or condensed climates, etc. (b) Ambient conditions containing hazardous gases/fumes like hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine or bromine gas, ammonia, etc. (c) Exposed to ozone, ultraviolet rays and radiation. (d) Severe vibrations or physical shocks that exceeds the specifications mentioned in this catalogue. (9) Circuit Design Consideration (a) Please ensure whether application, operating and mounting conditions satisfy the conditions specified in the catalog before installation of a capacitor. Please consult Aillen, if any of the conditions are beyond the conditions specified in the catalog. (b) Heat-generating components or heat sinks should not be placed closer to Aluminum electrolytic capacitors on the PCB to avoid their premature failure. A cooling system is recommended to improve their reliable working. (c) Electrical characteristics and performance of aluminum electrolytic capacitors are affected by variation of applied voltage, ripple current, ripple frequency and operating temperature. Therefore, these parameters shall not exceed specified values in the catalog. (d) Aluminum capacitors may be connected in the parallel fashion for increasing total capacitance and/or for achieving higher ripple current capability. But, such design may cause unequal current flow through each of the capacitors due to differences in their impedances. (e) When two or more capacitors are connected in series, voltage across each capacitor may differ and fall below the applied voltage. A resistor should be placed across each capacitor so as to match applied voltage with voltage across a capacitor. (f) Please consult Aillen while selecting a capacitor for high frequency switching circuit or a circuit that undergoes rapid charging/ discharging (g) Standard outer sleeve of the capacitor is not a perfect electrical insulator therefore is unsuitable for the applications that requires perfect electrical insulation. Please consult Aillen, if your application requires perfect electrical insulation. (h) Tilting or twisting capacitor body is not recommended once it is soldered to the PCB.



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

CAUTION FOR ASSEMBLING CAPACITORS

(1) Mounting (a) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are not recommended to reuse in other circuits once they are mounted and powered in a circuit. (b) Aluminum electrolytic capacitors may hold static charge between its anode and cathode, which is recommended to be discharged through a 1kΩ resistor before re-use. (c) A long storage of capacitors may result into its insulation deterioration. This can lead to a high leakage current when voltage is applied that may damage the capacitor. Capacitors following a long storage period must undergo voltage treatment/re-forming. Capacitors are charged by applying rated DC voltage through a resistor of 1kΩ in series at least for an hour. It is recommended to increase applied voltage gradually using a voltage regulator unit once capacitors are assembled on the board. The charging should be followed by discharging through a 1KΩ resistor. (d) Please check capacitor rated voltage before mounting. (e) Please check capacitor polarity before mounting. (f) Please don't drop capacitor on the floor / hard object. (g) Please don't deform the capacitor during installation. (h) Please avoid excessive mechanical shocks to capacitor during the auto-insertion process, inspection or centering operations. (j) Please don't place any wiring or circuit over the capacitor's pressure relief vent. The pressure relief vent may fail to open if adequate clearance space is not provided. Following table shows minimum clearance space required for different case diameters.

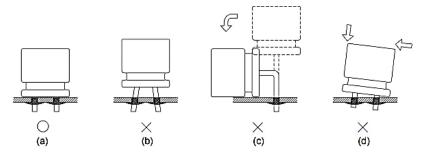
Case Diameter	Ø6.3~Ø16	Ø18~Ø35	Ø40 and Ø40 above
Clearance	2 mm	3 mm	5 mm5

(2) Soldering (a) Please confirm that soldering conditions, especially temperature and contact time are within our specifications. Dip or flow soldering temperature should be limited at 260 ± 5 °C for 10 ± 1 sec while manual soldering using soldering iron should be limited at 350 ± 5 °C for $3 \pm 1/-0$ seconds. Please do not dip capacitor body into molten solder. A capacitor's life will be negatively affected if these conditions are violated. (b) Storage of capacitors in high humidity conditions is likely to affect the solder-ability of lead wires and terminals. (c) Reflow soldering should NOLY be used for SMD type capacitors. The temperature and duration shall not exceed the specified temperature and duration in the specification. If the temperature or duration is higher than the value specified, please consult Aillen before usage. (d) Standard aluminum electrolytic capacitor body after soldering may damage a capacitor's internal structure, cause short circuit, or lead to high leakage current issues. Do not bend or twist the capacitor body after soldering. Referring to the drawings below only case is recommended. (i) Correct soldering (ii) Hole-to-hole spacing on PCB differs from the lead space of lead wires. (iii) Lead wires are bent after soldering. (iv) Capacitor body doesn't stand vertical on PCB after soldering.



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

(3) Cleaning Circuit Boards after Soldering (a) Following chemicals are not recommended for cleaning: Solvent containing halogen ions, Alkaline solvent, Xylene, Acetone, Terpene, petro-based solvent. (b) Recommended cleaning conditions: Fatty-alcohol - Pine Alpha ST-100S, Clean Through-750H and IPA (isopropyl alcohol) are examples of the most acceptable cleaning agents. Temperature of the cleaning agent must not exceed 60°C. Flux content in the cleaning agents should be limited to 2 Wt. %. Overall length of cleaning process (e.g., immersion, ultrasonic or other) shall be within 5 minutes (5 ~ 7mm height within 3 minutes).CFC substitute cleaning agents such as AK225AES can also be used for cleaning. In this case, its temperature shall not exceed 40 C and cleaning process (e.g., immersion, ultrasonic or other) shall be completed within 2 ~ 3 minutes. After cleaning capacitors should be dried with hot air for at least 10 minutes along with the PCB. Temperature of hot air shall not exceed maximum category temperature of the capacitor. Insufficient drying may cause appearance defects, sleeve shrinkage, and bottom-plate bulging. However, usage of this CFC substitute must completely regulated for protection of environment.



MAINTENANCE INSPECTION

Periodical inspection of aluminum capacitors is absolutely necessary, especially when they are used with industrial equipment. The following items should be checked: (1) Appearance: Bloated, vent operated, leaked, etc.
(2) Electrical characteristic: Capacitance, tanδ, leakage current, and other specified items listed in specification. We recommend replacing the capacitors if any of the above mentioned items fail to meet specifications.

STORAGE

(1) The most suitable conditions for aluminum capacitor storage are 5 °C ~ 35°C and indoor relative humidity less than 75%. High temperature and/or humidity storage is detrimental to the capacitors. (2) Capacitors shall not be stored in wet or damp atmospheres containing water, brine, fumes or oil. (3) Capacitors storage area shall neither be exposed to hazardous gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfurous acid, nitrous acid, chlorine, ammonium, etc. nor to acidic or alkaline solutions. (4) Capacitors shall not be exposed to ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation.



CONDUCTIVE POLYMER HYBRID ALUMINUM ELEC. CAPACITORS BW SERIES

ESTIMATION OF LIFE TIME

$$L_r = L_0 \times 2^{\frac{T_{0\text{max}} - T_{r\text{max}}}{10}}$$

Lr: Estimated lifetime (hours) **LO**: Base lifetime specified at maximum operating temperature with applied the DC voltage and the ripple current (hours) **TO max:** The core temperature that rated ripple current applied at maximum operating temperature. **Tr max:** The core temperature that applied actual ripple current at ambient

ESTIMATION OF LIFE TIME

Please consult with a local industrial waste disposal specialist when disposing of aluminum electrolytic capacitors

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION

Manufacturer already have received ISO 14000 certificate. Cadmium (Cd), Lead (Pb), Mercury (Hg), Hexavalent Chromium (Cr+6), PBB, PBDE, DEHP, BBP, DBP and DIBP have never been using in capacitor. If you need "Halogen-free" products, please consult with us.

AEC-Q200 COMPLIANCE

Automotive Electronics Counsel (AEC) has established various electronic component qualification/reliability standards in order to serve automotive electronics industry. AEC-Q200 standard is dedicated for passive components like capacitors, inductors, etc. and is widely adopted domestically as well as internationally. Manufacturer offers compliant product designs and support services to satisfy customers' product requirements, including the AEC-Q200 required criteria of the reliability tests. Manufacturer's capacitors are professionally designed to outperform all requirements of AEC-Q200.

NOTE

For further details, please refer to IEC 60384-4- Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment – Part 4: Sectional specification – Aluminum electrolytic capacitors with solid (MnO2) and non-solid electrolyte (Established in January 1995, Revised in March 2007), and EIAJ RCR-2367B- Guideline of notabilia for fixed aluminum electrolytic capacitors for use in electronic equipment [Technical Standardization Committee on Passive Components (Established in March 1995, Revised in March 2002)].

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